





# **EFFICIENT ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY**

FOR HUGE APPLICATION TRACES

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# TRACE THE APPLICATION EXECUTION

Trace Management Analysis Workflow

## TRACE THE APPLICATION EXECUTION

- Collect information about the application behavior
- Structure:

- hardware components machines, cores, dedicated hardware
- software components processes, threads, system, middlewares
- ► Timestamped events: function calls, synchronization, communications, CPU load, memory utilization, etc.
- ► Trace formats: OTF (Vampir), Tau, CTF (LTTng), KPTrace (STMicro), Pajé

### COMMON ISSUES OF TRACE-BASED ANALYSIS

### ▶ Trace/Data Volume

Tracing

- 10 min video GStreamer playing: 8.7 GB, 30 million events
- NAS Benchmark LU.C 700 cores: 15 GB, 200 million events

### Tool and trace format dependency

Conversion between trace formats

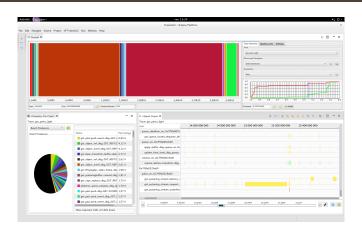
### Analysis workflow

- · Mainly based on interaction
- No tool chaining and analysis result reusing
- · No generic way to add your own tool in the workflow

### ► Entry point to the analysis

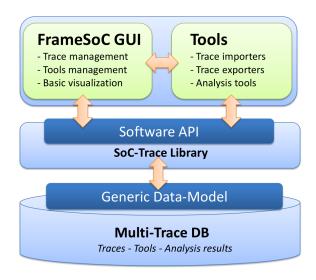
· Scalability of visualization techniques

### **FRAMESOC**



- ► FrameSoC is developed within the SoC-Trace Project
  - · Inria, UJF, STMicroelectronics, ProbaYes, Magillem

### **OVERVIEW**



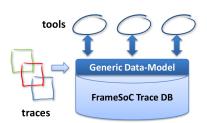
# TRACE FORMATS AND PERFORMANCE

### **GENERIC DATA MODEL**

### Trace format and tool compatibility issues

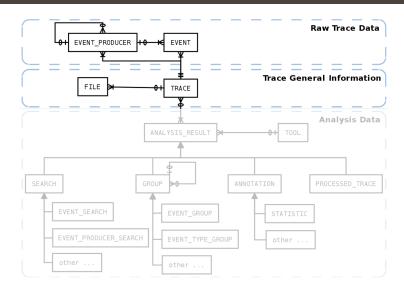


### **FrameSoC**



- Enable to represent different trace formats
- Save trace meta-data, execution settings
- ▶ Data-base : performances

### **GENERIC DATA MODEL**

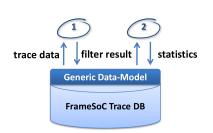




### HOW TOOLS CAN COOPERATE EFFICIENTLY?

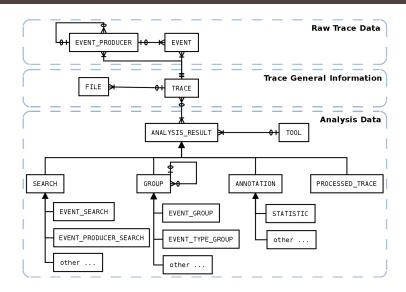


### **FrameSoC**



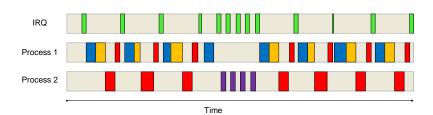
- Save and centralize analysis results
  - Same result data model for all tools
  - · Avoid long recomputations
- ► Add your own tools

### **RESULTS DATA MODEL**

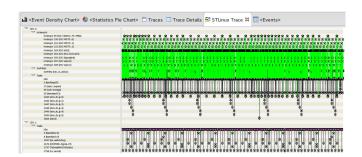


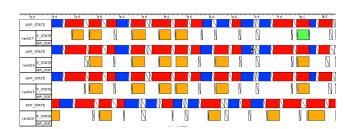
# VISUAL ENTRY POINT TO THE ANALYSIS

### **EXAMPLE OF TEMPORAL VISUALIZATION: GANTT CHART**



### **EXAMPLE OF GANTT CHART ISSUES**



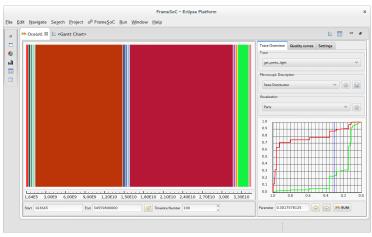


### OCELOTL, A FRAMESOC VISUALIZATION MODULE

A temporal aggregation technique that provides an overview over time

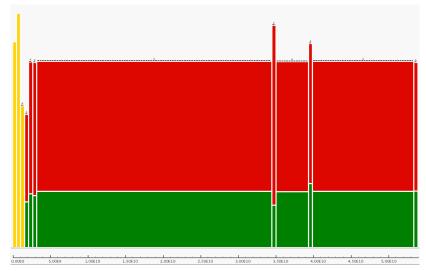
- ► We use a **meaningful aggregation** algorithm that gathers temporal parts of the trace where the behavior is similar
- ► The user chooses the aggregation strength
- ► He is aware of the information loss
- ► He can interact

### **EXAMPLE OF OCELOTL VISUALIZATION**



GStreamer application perturbed by a CPU stress

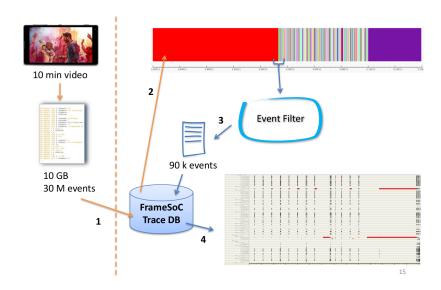
### OCELOTL APPLIED ON A PARALLEL APPLICATION



Grid'5000 Rennes, 64 Cores, NASBP CG, class C

# EXAMPLE OF AN ANALYSIS WORKFLOW

### **EXAMPLE OF AN ANALYSIS WORKFLOW**



### FRAMESOC PERFORMANCES

### ▶ Trace imported

- Able to manage huge traces (up to 100 GB)
- Import time relatively short (15 s for 100 MB)

### Event filtering

- Less than 0.1 s to retrieve 100,000 events
- Depending only on the result-set size (not on trace size)

#### Ocelotl

- Preprocess (trace reading and abstraction) depends on trace size
- Interaction is quick (<1s)



### CONCLUSION

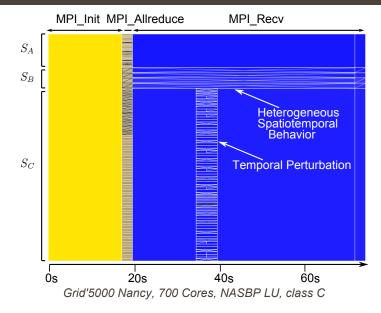
#### ▶ FrameSoC

- · Rich and generic data model
  - Solve the problem of format heterogeneity
  - Improve the access to trace events
- Support for analysis result storage
  - ► Allow rich workflows via tool cooperation
  - An analyst can plug is own tool easily

#### Oceloti

- · Innovative aggregated visualization
- · Synthetic view of the whole trace behavior

### FUTURE WORK: OCELOTL SPATIOTEMPORAL



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

